Figure 42: Overview Chart The Prophecy is Fulfilled And the Sabbatical cycles Established The Scripture is Proved True And Yeshua is Proved to be Messiah As exactly verified by history

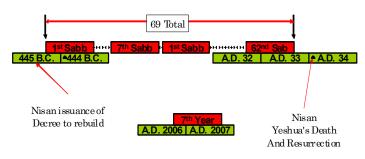
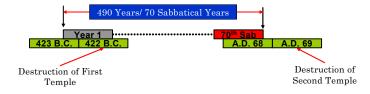


Figure 43: Halaphta's Heresy<sup>7</sup>

How the Rabbis Explained Daniel 9 According to Seder Olam: Rabbi Yose ben Halaphta ca. 140 A.D.



To accomplish this, Halaphta had to shorten the Persian period by 165 years. Back then the fraud escaped detection, but by the 10th century it was exposed, and by the 19th disproved.

The correct dates of the first and second destruction of the temple are 587 B.C. and A.D. 70 respectively.

Figure 44: Cyrus: A Throne Name

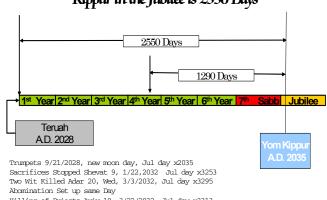
## Cyrus is a Throne Name Pq. 428, Lexicon in Veteris Testamenti Libros, Koehler/Baumgartner

בוֹ בֹּוֹ בֵי י : n.m.; κύρος Cyrus: elamitischer Thron name elamitic name of reigning prince, Kuraš = Hirt shepherd.

- Any Persian King can hold the title, just as any Egyptian king is called
- Pharaoh. Josephus specifically calls Artaxerxes I "Cyrus"; Ant. 11.184. And this is the Cyrus that commanded the city to be rebuilt.

  Isaiah calls "Cyrus" a surname (Isaiah 45:4), i.e. a family name orthrone
- Isaiah prophesies in 45:14 that Cyrus will conquer Egypt, and this was done by Cambyses only in 525 B.C., which makes him Cyrus. And he also became the Pharaoh of Egypt.
- The Isaiah prophecy is time compressed and refers to Messiah also (Isaiah 45:14b·15, the true *Shepherd* of Israel.

**Figure 45: 2550 Days** The Total Days From Teruah, Yr 1 to Yom Kippur in the Jubilee is 2550 Days



Killing of Priests Aviv 10, 3/22/2032, Jul day x3313 Flight to Wilderness, Aviv 21, 4/2/2032, Jul day x3324 Restoration of Temple, Sivan 7, 5/15/2035, Jul day x4463 Yom Kippur, Tishri 10, 9/13/2035, Thur. Jul day x 4584

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> See First, Mitchell, Jewish History in Conflict: A Study of the Major Discrepancy Between Rabbinic and Conventional Chronology (Jason Aronson, Inc. Jerusalem, Israel, © 1997). Also, Guggenheimer, Heinrich, W., Seder Olam: The Rabbinic View of Biblical Chronology (Jason Aronson, Inc: Jerusalem, Israel; © 1998).