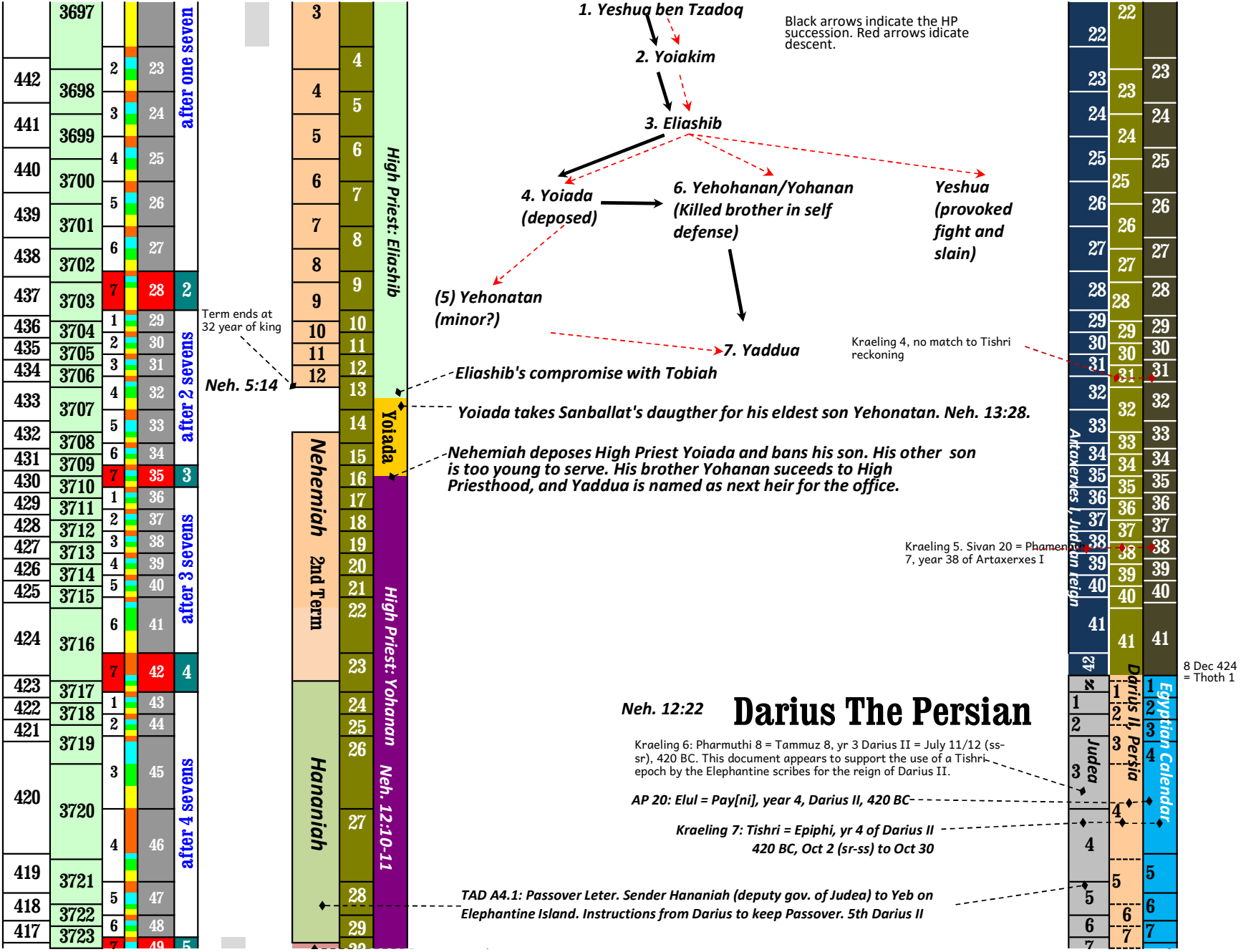
1. Yeshua ben Tzadoq
2. Yoiakim
3. Eliashib
4. Yoiada (deposed)
6. Yehohanan/Yohanan (Killed brother in self defense)
Yeshua (provoked fight and slain)
(5) Yehonatan (minor?)
7. Yaddua
Black arrows indicate the HP succession. Red arrows idicate descent.
Term ends at 32 year of king
Neh. 5:14
Eliashib's compromise with Tobiah
Yoiada takes Sanballat's daugther for his eldest son Yehonatan. Neh. 13:28.
Nehemiah deposes High Priest Yoiada and bans his son. His other son is too young to serve. His brother Yohanan suceeds to High Priesthood, and Yaddua is named as next heir for the office.
Kraeling 4, no match to Tishri reckoning
Kraeling 5. Sivan 20 = Phamenoth 7, year 38 of Artaxerxes I
8 Dec 424 = Thoth 1
Neh. 12:22
Darius The Persian
Kraeling 6: Pharmuthi 8 = Tammuz 8, yr 3 Darius II = July 11/12 (ss-sr), 420 BC. This document appears to support the use of a Tishri epoch by the Elephantine scribes for the reign of Darius II.
AP 20: Elul = Pay[ni], year 4, Darius II, 420 BC
Kraeling 7: Tishri = Epiphi, yr 4 of Darius II 420 BC, Oct 2 (sr-ss) to Oct 30
TAD A4.1: Passover Leter. Sender Hananiah (deputy gov. of Judea) to Yeb on Elephantine Island. Instructions from Darius to keep Passover. 5th Darius II
after one seven
after 2 sevens
after 3 sevens
after 4 sevens
High Priest: Eliashib
Yoiada
High Priest: Yohanan
Neh. 12:10-11
Nehemiah 2nd Term
Hananiah
Artaxerxes I, Judean reign
Darius II, Persia
Judea
Egyptian Calendar